



ROOT - Based Analysis at CDF

P. Koehn
Root2001
Workshop
14-June-01
Page 1

Phillip Koehn
For the OSU Group and CDF
Root2001 Workshop
June 14, 2001

- Introduction
- CDF/OSU Analysis with ROOT
- ROOT Neural Net interface
- ROOT-based Standardized Ntuple
- Impressions and Requests



Introduction

P. Koehn

Root2001
Workshop

14-June-01

Page 2

- **Motivation – Why ROOT ?**

- We want a tool that is easy to use for Histogramming, looping, cutting, fitting, plotting, and writing histos to files.
- CDF Analysis Control framework is in C++, data structure is ROOT-based, ROOT has powerful and nice features, and it is written in C++.

- **Skill Level**

- We have not taken advantage of the ROOT courses.
- Started with someone else's ROOT macro and moved on from there.
 - ↳ We consult the ROOT web page often (root.cern.ch).
- While faculty and post-docs have used PAW to do analysis before, grad-students have not – ROOT is the only analysis tool they have used.

- **Analysis work with ROOT**

- Using Artificial Neural Nets for measuring the single top cross section and the top Mass, and B-tagging.
- Using standard ntuples composed of multi-branched ROOT trees.



Basic elements of ROOT that we use are...

- **ROOT Trees**
 - Generate ROOT trees from CDF analysis control Framework.
 - Make new ROOT trees from our own macros.
- **ROOT Macros with MakeClass**
 - `root[] TFile f("myfile.root")`
 - `root[] MakeClass("myana")`
 - Looping, cutting, histogramming, plotting, writing histos to files.
- **ROOT GUI**
 - Touching up plots.
 - TBrowser to check contents of root trees.
- **Fitting with ROOT**
 - Using canned functions:
`root[] myhist.Fit("gaus");`
 - User specified functions:
`root[] myhist.Fit("MyFcn");`
 - Or fitting a histogram to two or more with the TMinuit class:

```
Tminuit *gMinuit = Tminuit(1)
gMinuit->setFcn(LogLikelihoodFcn);
gMinuit->setFcn(ChiSqFcn);
gMinuit->mnexcm("MIGRAD",args,,);
```
- **Using gSystem class to interact with operating system**
 - `gSystem->CompileMacro();`
 - `gSystem->Load("myLib.so")`
 - `gSystem->Exec(AnyExe);`



Basic elements continued...

- Add our own overloaded methods to `global_init.C` that serve as **command line shortcuts** for manipulating histos:
 - Zoning canvases, adding titles, changing divisions.
 - Several `Draw()` methods to change histogram attributes such as color, marker type, etc...
 - Dump bin contents.
 - Normalizing histograms.
 - Ratio and efficiency of 2 histograms, compute the errors, and create new histograms.
 - Take the integral of a histogram, and plot the new one.
 - Fitting histos (canned or user defined), and subranges of histos, and printing fit results.
 - Printing, ghostviewing,...



ROOT to JETNET Interface

- **In our analysis work we have been using Feed Forward Neural Networks implemented with JETNET.**
 - **Designed for HEP applications and easy to get up and running.**
 - **A collection of FORTRAN subroutines for training/testing NN's.**
 - **Anonymous ftp from: thep.lu.se (latest version 3.5).**
 - **www.thep.lu.se/public_html/jetnet_30_manual/jetnet_30_manual.html**
- **Initially, we worked with many little macros to interact with JETNET and to analyze the performance of our Neural Nets.**
- **We ended up pulling these together into a ROOT macro consisting of methods that provide a flexible and simple interface to setup ANN's and run them with JETNET.**



ROOT/JETNET Overview

- **Composed of two components:**
 - **ROOT macro (root_to_jetnet.C) uses command line methods to:**
 - ↳ Set up the Neural Net parameters (text file).
 - ↳ Initiate the training/testing/running of the Neural Net.
 - ↳ Plot input variables, NN performance, error, and output distributions.
 - ↳ Creates .C code to compute the Neural Net output based on the weights.
 - ↳ The macro is modified by user according to individual needs.
 - **JETNET .exe (FORTRAN)**
 - ↳ Reads Neural Net parameter file created by ROOT macro.
 - ↳ Performs training/testing with JETNET subroutines.
 - ↳ Creates performance and weights file.
 - ↳ User will not(or rarely) need to change it.
- **Released for general consumption:**
 - http://cdfpc2.mps.ohio-state.edu/root_to_jetnet/rtj.html
 - In the CVS repository at CDF
 - pkoehn@fnal.gov, catutza@fnal.gov, neu@fnal.gov.



Using the Interface

- **Input files.**
 - Contain a global set of all possible inputs one may choose.
 - Generated by user.
 - 1 file per sample (signal, bkg1, bkg2, ...).
 - **Rows** (Events) and **Columns** (Pattern Variables).
- **Set the parameters of the Neural Net.**
 - Choose input variables, the number of hidden and output nodes, the number of events to train and test, minimization method, the number of training cycles, etc...
- **Run JETNET.**
 - Modes: single shot, loop over input nodes, loop over the number hidden nodes, loop over combinations of both.
 - Produces output files: performance, error, and resultant NN weights.
- **Plot the results of your neural net.**
 - Performance, error, neural net output.
- **Use the net.**
 - Apply the C-code that computes the neural net output.



What features of ROOT were the most helpful?

- **We're running just a simple interpreted macro.**
- **Efficient as a command line interface and graphics tool.**
- **Interaction with the operating system:**
 - The work processing the NN is done by the fortran jetnet.exe – **run from the ROOT macro.**
- **We have converted the macro into a class that may be compiled.**
 - Easier to add methods and keep track of code.
 - Will not run much faster as most of the execution time is in running the fortran jetnet.exe .



STNTUPLE: ROOT based standardized ntuple.

- **Closely related components: a data format and a set of utility classes.**
 - Developed by P. Murat, R. Culbertson, R. Hughes, A. Domingues, S. Sarkar, and H. Stadie.
- **The data format is a multibranching ROOT tree.**
 - Generated with a Stntuple (CDF Analysis Control) Module running on input raw or processed data.
 - Reconstructed data objects such as e's, muons, taus, photons etc... Several RAW data branches are also included.
 - One can add new branches to the standard ones, and to switch off filling of the branches one doesn't need.
- **The utility classes provide access to the data.**
 - Implemented in a framework for specialized or user defined analysis modules.



Doing Analysis using STNTUPLE

- **Easy to access low level and high level data objects.**
- **Modular framework allows user to write more complicated analysis scripts.**
- **Fast: One edits, compiles, then runs a ROOT script.**
 - ↙ **When the ROOT script compiler is used, recompilation and reloading of a file about 2000 lines long takes of the order of 10 seconds on 500 MHz PentiumIII box. You can modify your analysis, rerun it and see the results within a minute.**
 - ↙ **Process 10k single track events from the XFT data block in about 15 seconds.**
- **Less painful introduction to C++ and a good way to learn and exercise ROOT- based analysis tools.**



STNTUPLE

Framework: Data Blocks

- **StnDataBlock Class**

- The data written into Stntuple are organized in blocks, similar to the data blocks of HBOOK column-wise ntuples.
- Each block corresponds to a top-level branch of ROOT tree.
- A tree can contain an arbitrary number of branches, so user can decide which branches to create/fill in the beginning of the job.
- An analysis job can read only those branches which are necessary, improving the I/O performance.

- **Data Block Types:**

- TCalDataBlock
- TCesDataBlock
- TClcDataBlock
- TCmuDataBlock
- TCmpDataBlock
- TCmxDataBlock
- TCprDataBlock
- TGenpDataBlock
- TStnJetDataBlock
- TStnMetDataBlock
- TStnEleDataBlock
- TStnMuonDataBlock
- ...



STNTUPLE Framework

The **StnAna** class provides a framework for data I/O and adding analysis modules.

- Specify input/output `Stntuple.root` files.
- Use singly or chain multiple analysis modules together.
- Access methods and data elements of individual modules. (e.g. Grab a set of pointers to e's, mu's, jet's passing cuts, fitting, plotting.)
- **Run()**: Initiate the processing events

StnModule is the base class for analysis modules.

- Contains overloaded methods: **BeginJob(), BeginRun(), Event(), EndJob(), EndRun()**.
- Access Data Blocks.
- Access methods and data members of other modules in the chain.
- Implement filter (or derive from `StntupleFilterModule` class).
- Booking, filling, plotting, and saving of histograms.
- Other module types include: **InitStntuple, StntupleMaker, StntupleFill**



STNTUPLE

Example Macro

P. Koehn

Root2001
Workshop

14-June-01

Page 13

```
{  
  TStnAna x("results/ttbar_prod_cdfSim.root");  
  gSystem->CompileMacro("TTopCand.cc","k");  
  gSystem->CompileMacro("TTopFindModule.cc","k");  
  TTopCand* tc = new TTopCand("TopC","TopC");  
  x.AddModule(tc);  
  TTopFindModule* tf = new TTopFindModule(tc,"TopFind","TopFind");  
  x.AddModule(tf);  
  TStnOutputModule out("goodevents.root");  
  x.SetOutputModule(&out);  
  x.Run();  
  tf->SaveHistograms("MyFavouriteHistos.root");  
}
```



What we like...

-
- **It is easy to get up and running and do the basics quickly.**
 - **Fast turn around time from editing to running.**
 - **Writing command line shortcuts to manipulate histos.**
 - **Accessing the operating system from a macro.**
 - **Standardized Ntuples – STntuple Classes .**
 - **The GUI is nice, but we don't really use it that much.**
 - **Resources at the ROOT website are useful:**
 - **ROOT TALK - we get the most help from this**
 - **Tutorials**
 - **ROOT Class Categories**
 - **Documentation area**



difficulties...

- **We have the ability to make ROOT crash often.**
 - Usually need to recover by quitting then restarting.
 - Unloading code does not seem to work that well.
- **It would be helpful if the error output from crashes were more informative.**
 - “segmentation violation...”
- **Debugging code.**
 - We’ve used the CINT debugger on simple macros. It is useful, but we would like to debug compiled ROOT macros as well.
 - Have recently used gdb.
 - End up doing things like running in the **Trace mode**: “ root[] .T ” or resorting to the insertion of print statements.



Requests

- A place on the **ROOT** website other than the tutorials and ROOT Talk, where **any user** may submit and search for code.
- Maybe something like hotscripts.com ?
- Macros do not have to be guaranteed to work.
- Organized by categories like:
 - **Histogramming/formatting**
 - **Fitting**
 - **Debugging**
 - **Etc...**



Conclusion

P. Koehn

Root2001
Workshop

14-June-01

Page 17

-
- We enjoy using **ROOT** and will continue to use it for our needs as much as possible.